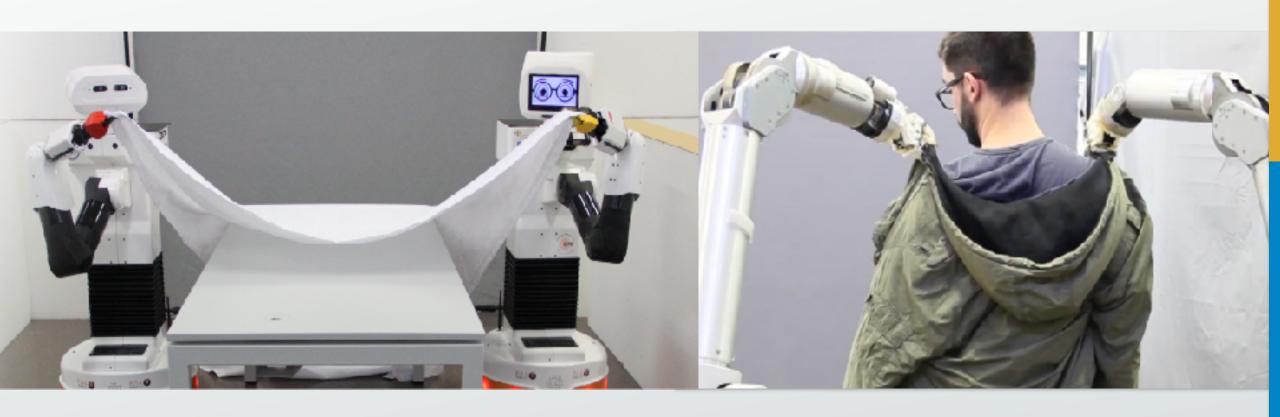
The puzzle of endowing robots with cloth manipulation skills









Institut de Robòtica i Informàtica Industrial



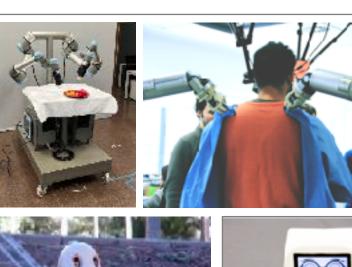


PhD students

10 MSc students

Technicians

> 25 Robots



















Research Group RobIRI: Robot Perception and Manipulation at IRI

Permanents 11 (4)

Postdocs 9 (3)

Predocs 23 (3)

Tècnics 8 (0)

Mäster 8 (2)

TOTAL... 59 (12)









Research Group RobIRI: Robot Perception and Manipulation at IRI





CLOTH manipulation Learning from DEmonstrations













Research challenges of assistive robotics





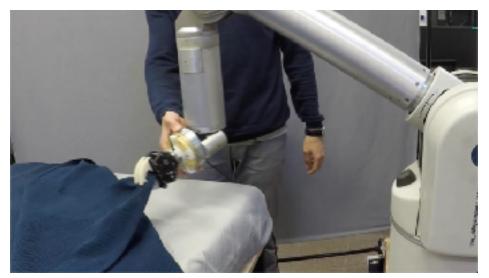
Adaptation and safety

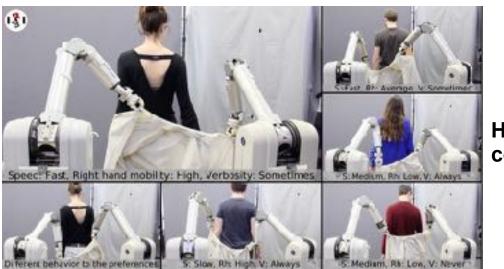
Easy

teaching

User

modelling





Human-robot collaboration







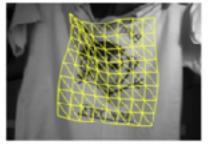
Versatile cloth manipulation requires:



Cloth/Motion Representation

Manipulation, Plan & Control

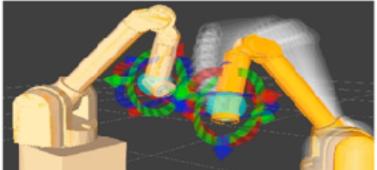
Learning from Demos & RL













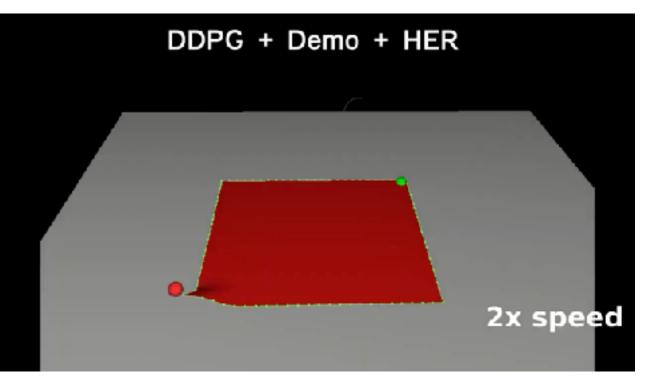


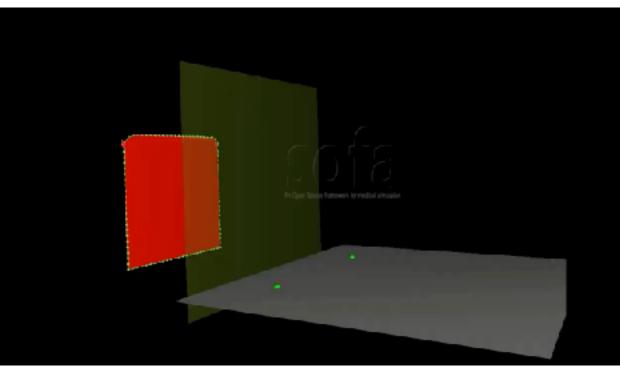




Quasi-static vs. dynamic cloth manipulation









R. Jangir, G. Alenyà and C. Torras. Dynamic cloth manipulation with deep reinforcement learning. *IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA)*, Paris, pp. 4630-4636, 2020.







Our research on cloth manipulation





	Quasi-static manipulation	Dynamic manipulation
Cloth/Motion Representation	 Cloth macro-states (C-space, dGLI) Capturing cloth states (Color/depth vision, Optitrack) Capturing motion (VR) 	
Manipulation, planning and control	GrippersGrasping/Manipulation primitivesPlanning state transitions	
Learning (perception, motion)	Cloth state estimation (from template, border)Learning transitions from VR	





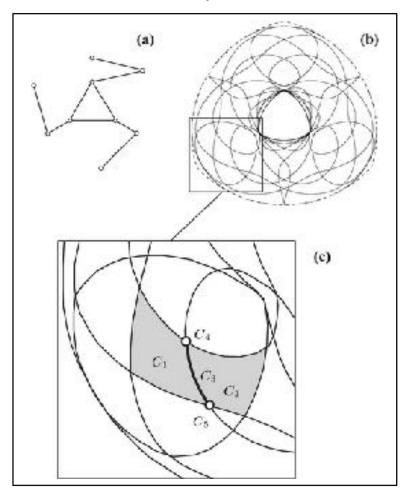


Topology + Machine Learning for versatile cloth manipulation

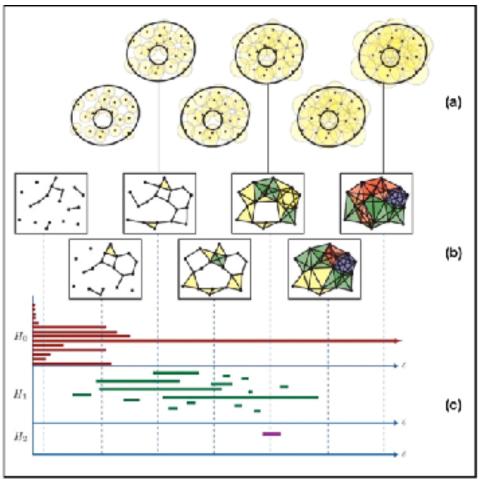




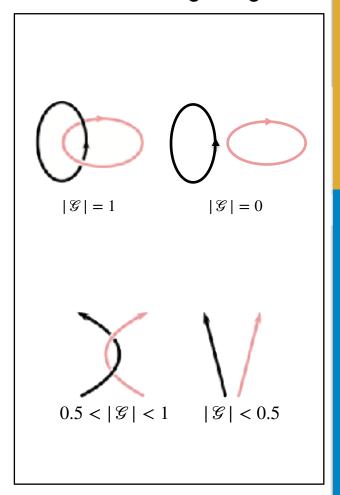
Cell complexes



Persistent homology



Gauss Linking Integral

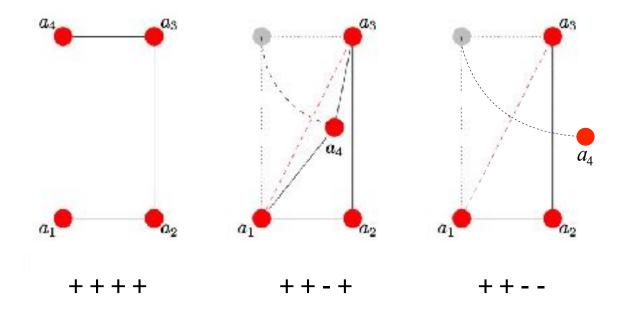






Topology of cloth configuration space - Cell complexes







F. Strazzeri and C. Torras. Topological representation of cloth state for robot manipulation. *Autonomous Robots*, 45: 737–754, 2021.









$$\mathcal{G}(C_1, C_2) = \sum_{s_i \in C_1} \sum_{r_i \in C_2} \boxed{GLI(s_i, r_i)}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2.0^2 \\ 1.5i \\ 1.0i \\ 0.0 \\ -1.0 \\ -0.5 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



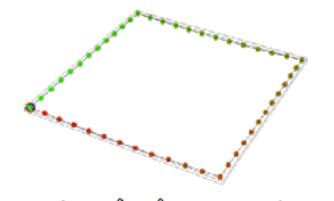
F. Coltraro, J. Fontana, J. Amorós, M. Alberich-Carramiñana, J. Borràs and C. Torras. A Representation of Cloth States based on a Derivative of the Gauss Linking Integral. *Applied Mathematics and Computation* 457: 128165, 2023.

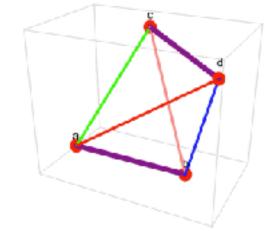






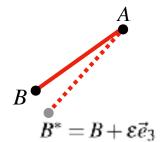
$$\mathcal{G}(C_1, C_2) = \sum_{s_i \in C_1} \sum_{r_i \in C_2} \boxed{GLI(s_i, r_i)}$$

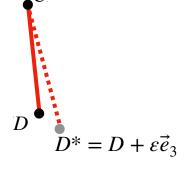




$$GLI(\vec{AB}, \vec{CD}) = \det(\vec{AB}, \vec{AC}, \vec{AD}) \frac{1}{4\pi} \int \int \frac{1}{\|\gamma_{CD} - \gamma_{AB}\|^3}$$

$$dGLI(\gamma_{AB}, \gamma_{CD}) := \lim_{\varepsilon \to 0} \frac{GLI(\gamma_{AB^*}, \gamma_{CD^*}) - GLI(\gamma_{AB}, \gamma_{CD})}{\varepsilon}$$





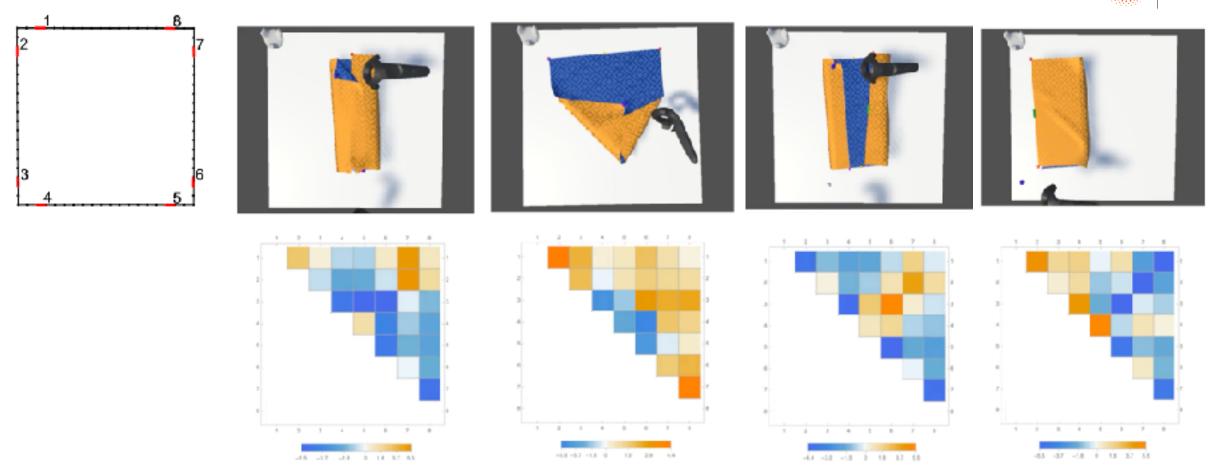


F. Coltraro, J. Fontana, J. Amorós, M. Alberich-Carramiñana, J. Borràs and C. Torras. A Representation of Cloth States based on a Derivative of the Gauss Linking Integral. *Applied Mathematics and Computation* 457: 128165, 2023.











F. Coltraro, J. Fontana, J. Amorós, M. Alberich-Carramiñana, J. Borràs and C. Torras. A Representation of Cloth States based on a Derivative of the Gauss Linking Integral. *Applied Mathematics and Computation* 457: 128165, 2023.

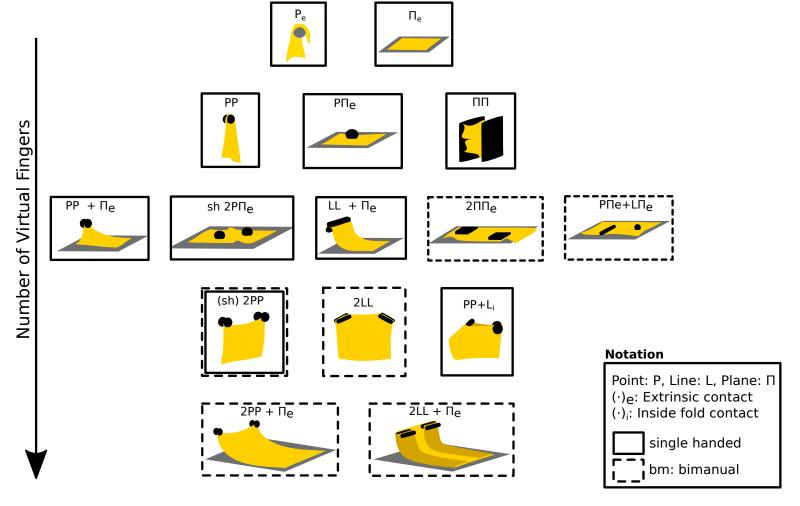




Taxonomy of grasps and gripper functionalities











J. Borràs, G. Alenyà, and C. Torras. A grasping-centered analysis for cloth manipulation. *IEEE Transactions on Robotics*, 36(3):924-936, 2020.

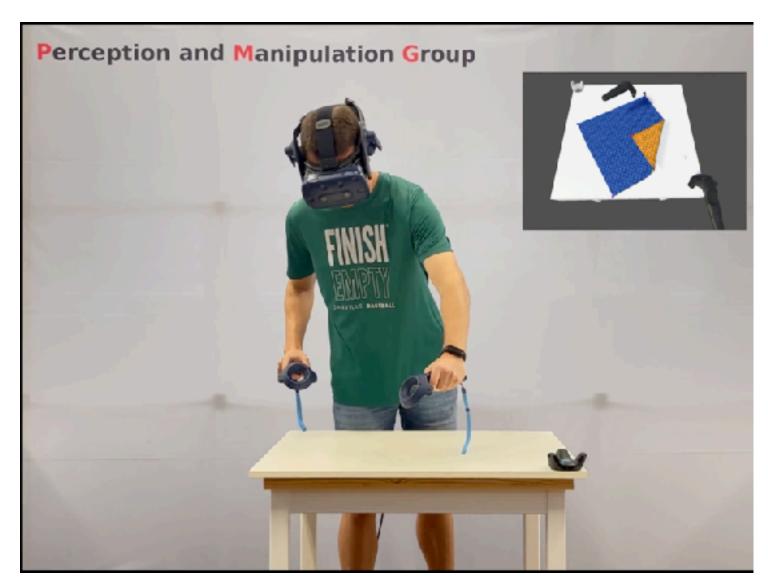






Learning cloth folding sequences using Virtual Reality



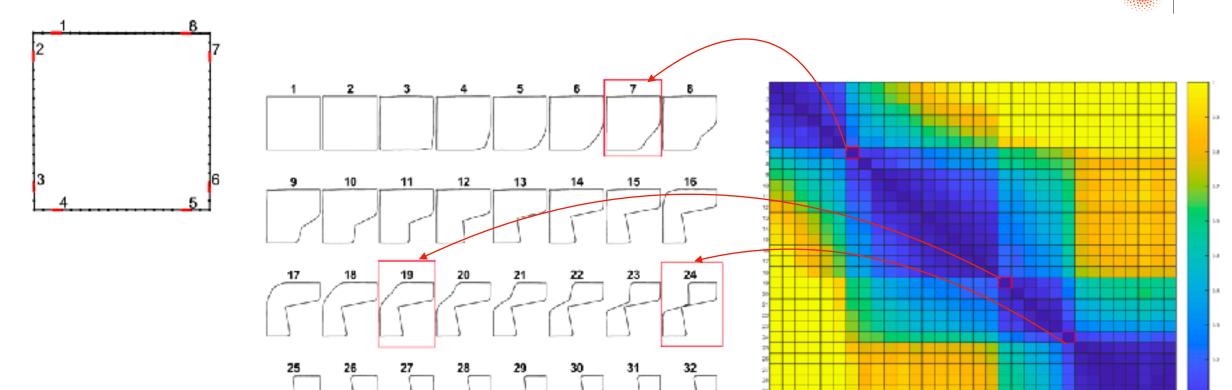




J. Borràs, A. Boix-Granell, S. Foix, and C. Torras, A Virtual Reality Framework For Fast Dataset Creation Applied to Cloth Manipulation with Automatic Semantic Labelling, *IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation*, London, May 2023.









J. Borràs, A. Boix-Granell, S. Foix, and C. Torras, A Virtual Reality Framework For Fast Dataset Creation Applied to Cloth Manipulation with Automatic Semantic Labelling, IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation, London, May 2023.

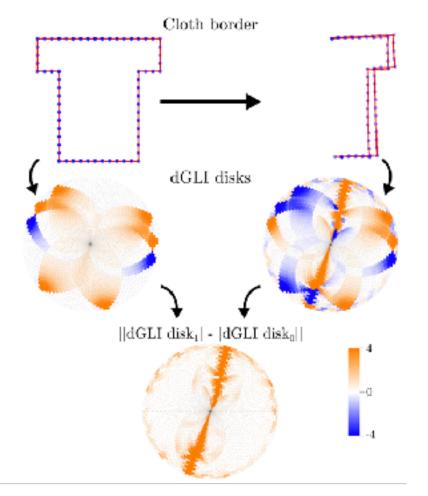


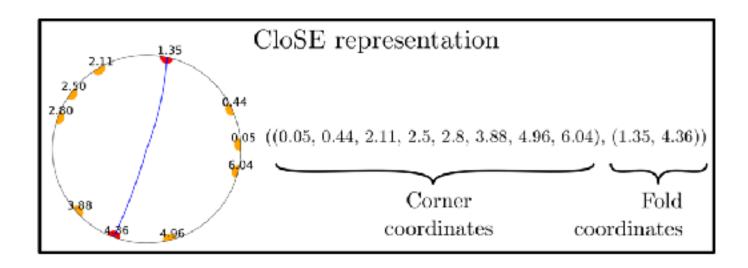




Work in progress: dGLI-based, compact representation









J. Kamat, J. Borràs and C. Torras. CloSE: A Compact Shape-and Orientation-Agnostic Cloth State Representation. arXiv preprint arXiv:2504.05033, 2025.

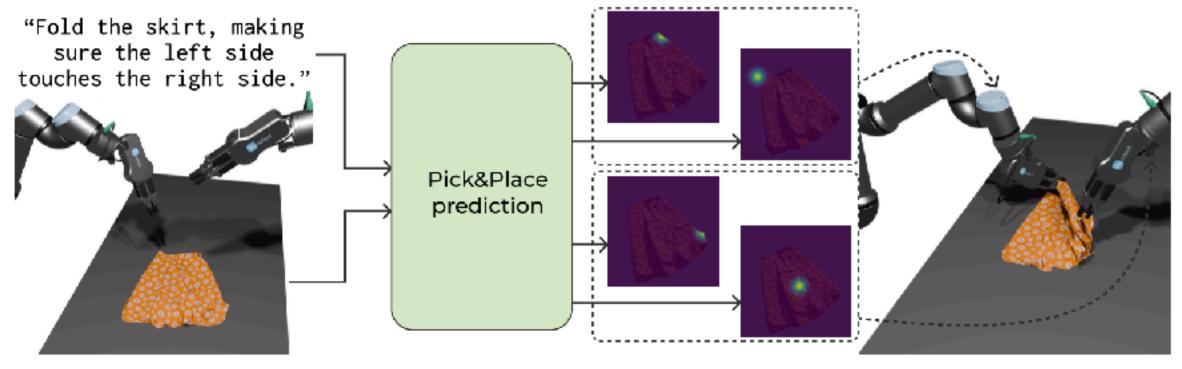






Work in progress: predicting cloth manipulation actions using VLM

Language-conditioned model to predict folding actions from cloth state + text instruction



https://barbany.github.io/bifold/



O. Barbany, A. Colomé and C. Torras. BiFold: Bimanual Cloth Folding with Language Guidance. *IEEE* International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA), arXiv preprint arXiv:2501.16458, 2025.







Our research on cloth manipulation





	Quasi-static manipulation	Dynamic manipulation
Cloth/Motion Representation	 Cloth macro-states (C-space, dGLI) Capturing cloth states (Color/depth vision, Optitrack) Capturing motion (VR) 	 Modeling cloth as an inextensible surface Representing motions (DMPs, writhe)
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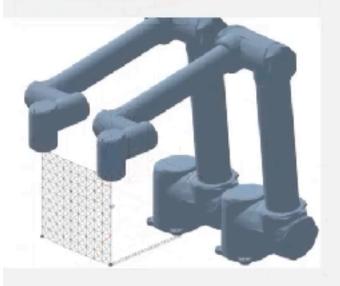
Controlling dynamic cloth manipulation using MPC



TRAJECTORY TRACKING RESULTS



1D TRAJECTORY



KPI = 2.43 mm



A. Luque, D. Parent, A. Colomé, C. Ocampo-Martínez and C. Torras. Model predictive control for dynamic cloth manipulation: Parameter learning and experimental validation. *IEEE Transactions on Control Systems Technology*

32(4): 1254-1270, 2024.



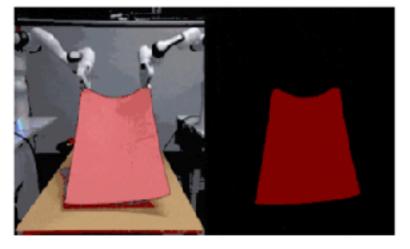


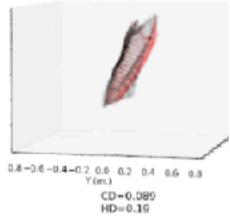


Sim-to-Real Gap in Cloth Simulators

- 3 objects: rags of different materials
- 2 manipulation tasks: dynamic & quasi-static
- 4 simulators: MuJoCo, Bullet, Flex, SOFA
- Real-world dataset: Depth and RGB images from Kinect
- 2 metrics: Chamfer Distance & Hausdorff Distance







Record Dataset

Pre-process RGB-D data

Measure the Reality Gap in Simulated Environments



D. Blanco-Mulero, O. Barbany, G. Alcan, A. Colomé, C. Torras, V. Kyrki. Benchmarking the Sim-to-Real Gap in Cloth Manipulation *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters*, Paris, pp. 2981-29886, 2024.



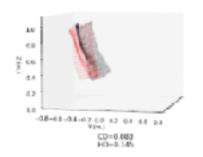


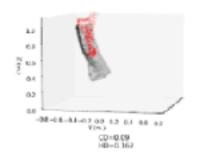


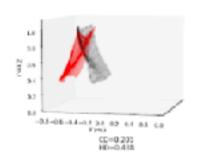
Sim-to-Real Gap in Cloth Simulators

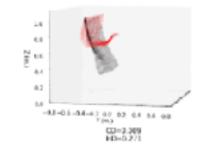


Linen Rag Dynamic motion









Inaccurate aerodynamic effects

MuJoCo

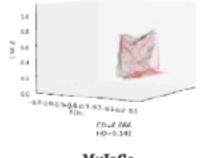
Bullet

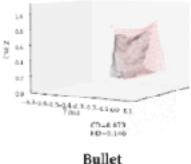
Flex

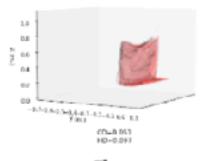
SOFA

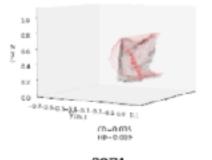
Linen Rag

Quasi-static motion with friction









Collisions cause locking



Flex

SOFA



D. Blanco-Mulero, O. Barbany, G. Alcan, A. Colomé, C. Torras, V. Kyrki. Benchmarking the Sim-to-Real Gap in Cloth. Manipulation IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters, Paris, pp. 2981-29886, 2024.







CLOTHILDE Simulator - Equation of motion with inextensibility, contacts and aerodynamics



$$\begin{cases} \rho \mathbf{M} \ddot{\boldsymbol{\varphi}} = -\delta \mathbf{M} \mathbf{g} - \kappa \mathbf{K} \boldsymbol{\varphi} - (\alpha \mathbf{M} + \beta \mathbf{K}) \, \dot{\boldsymbol{\varphi}} - \nabla \mathbf{C} (\boldsymbol{\varphi})^{\mathsf{T}} \boldsymbol{\lambda} \\ \mathbf{C} (\boldsymbol{\varphi}) = 0, \text{ (inextensibility)} \\ \mathbf{H} (\boldsymbol{\varphi}) \geq 0, \quad \boldsymbol{\gamma} \geq 0, \quad \boldsymbol{\gamma}^{\mathsf{T}} \cdot \mathbf{H} (\boldsymbol{\varphi}) = 0, \text{ (contacts)} \end{cases}$$

PARAMETER MEANING	
ρ	Density (inertial mass)
δ	Virtual (gravitational) mass
κ	Bending/stiffness
α	Damping of slow oscillations
β	Damping of fast oscillations



F. Coltraro, J. Amorós, C. Torras and M. Alberich-Carramiñana. A practical aerodynamic model for dynamic textile manipulation in robotics. *Mechanism and Machine Theory*, 209: 105993, 2025.







CLOTHILDE Simulator



- simple (few parameters)
- easy to calibrate (physical parameters)
- faithful to reality (fast and slow dynamic motion)
- accounting for aerodynamic effects
- accounting for friction and self-collisions
- fast



F. Coltraro, J. Amorós, M. Alberich-Carramiñana and C. Torras. An inextensible model for the robotic manipulation of textiles. *Applied Mathematical Modelling* 101, 832-858, 2022.



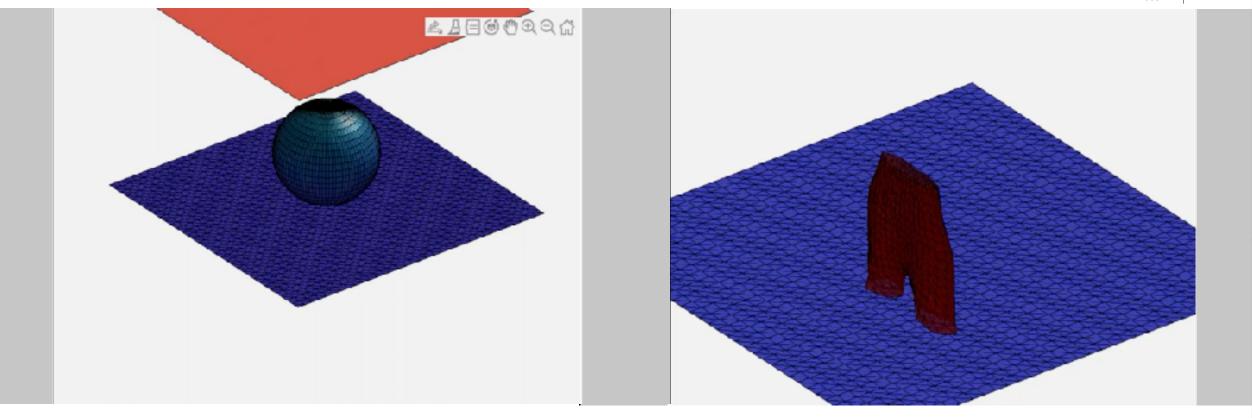
F. Coltraro, J. Amorós, M. Alberich-Carramiñana and C. Torras. A novel collision model for inextensible textiles and its experimental validation. *Applied Mathematical Modelling* 128: 287-308, 2024.





Modeling cloth dynamics as an inextensible surface







F. Coltraro, J. Amorós, M. Alberich-Carramiñana and C. Torras. An inextensible model for the robotic manipulation of textiles. *Applied Mathematical Modelling* 101, 832-858, 2022.



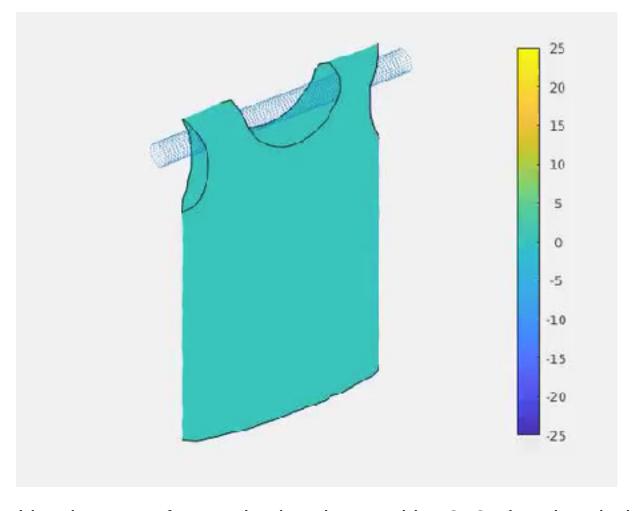
F. Coltraro, J. Amorós, M. Alberich-Carramiñana and C. Torras. A novel collision model for inextensible textiles and its experimental validation. *Applied Mathematical Modelling* 128: 287-308, 2024.





CLOTHILDE Simulator - Validation





Simulation of shaking with a hanger of a meshed tank-top with 1676 triangles during 4.5s. Area error with sign of each individual triangle for each time instant. Total area error almost zero.







Our research on cloth manipulation





	Quasi-static manipulation	Dynamic manipulation
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Learning (perception, motion)	Cloth state estimation (from template, border)Learning transitions from VR	- Learning robot skills from demonstration & reinforcement (trajectories and force profiles)







Learning folding skills by demonstration and reinforcement









A. Colomé, C. Torras.
Reinforcement Learning
of Bimanual Robot Skills.

Springer Tracts in

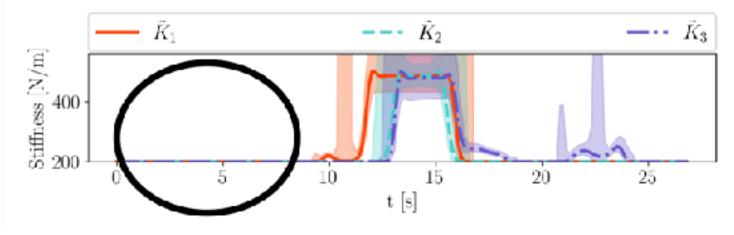
Advanced Robotics 134,
2020.













E. Caldarelli, A. Colomé and C. Torras. Perturbation-Based stiffness inference in variable impedance control. *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters*, 7(4): 8823-8830, 2022.

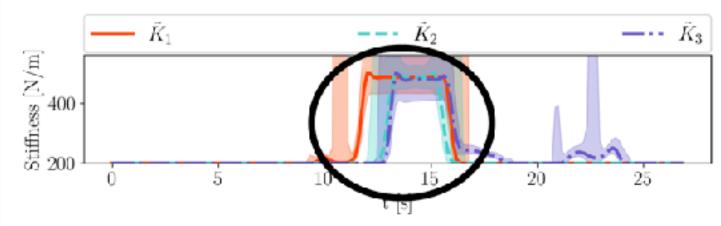














E. Caldarelli, A. Colomé and C. Torras. Perturbation-Based stiffness inference in variable impedance control. *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters*, 7(4): 8823-8830, 2022.



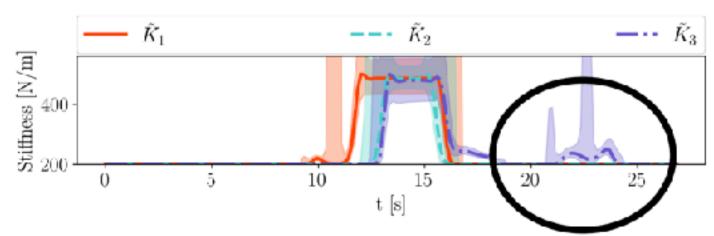














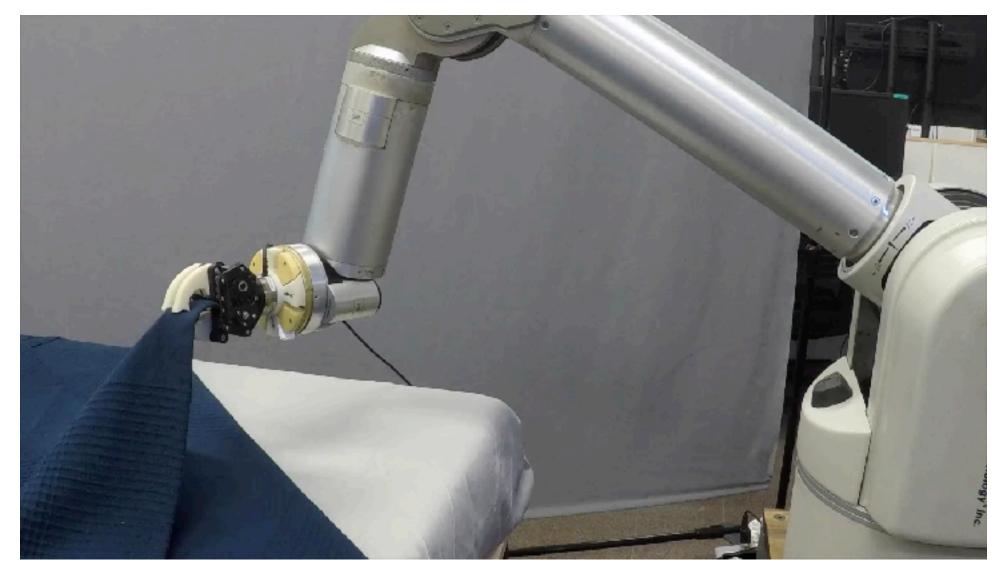
E. Caldarelli, A. Colomé and C. Torras. Perturbation-Based stiffness inference in variable impedance control. *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters*, 7(4): 8823-8830, 2022.

















Our current research on cloth manipulation

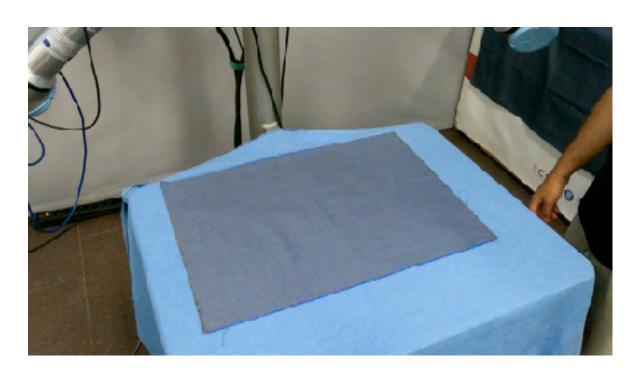
	Quasi-static manipulation	Dynamic manipulation	
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Manipulation, planning and control	- Planning state transitions	 Simulation of cloth dynamics Controling cloth manipulation using GP and MPC Variable impedance control 	*
Learning (perception, motion)	Cloth state estimation (from template, border)Learning transitions from VR	 Learning robot skills from demonstration & reinforcement (trajectories and force profiles) 	

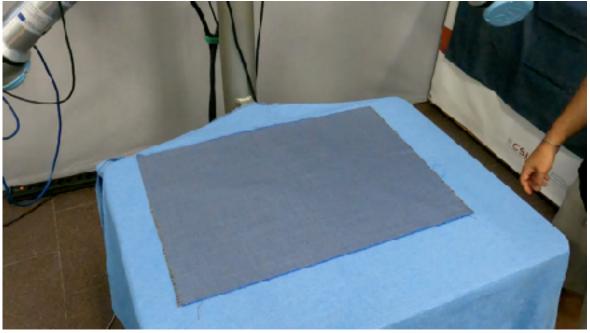






Work in progress: Fast cloth manipulation exploiting dynamics





Kernel-based Koopman operator regression + high-fidelity simulator + model predictive control







Prototypes of assistive robots

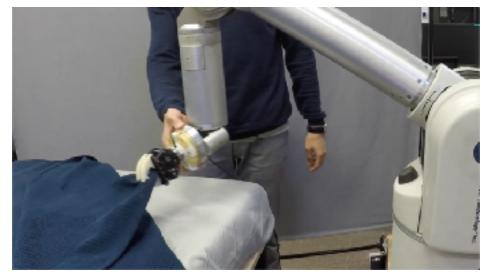


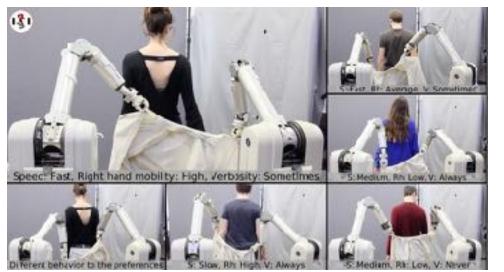


Feeding

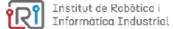
Bed making

Cognitive training





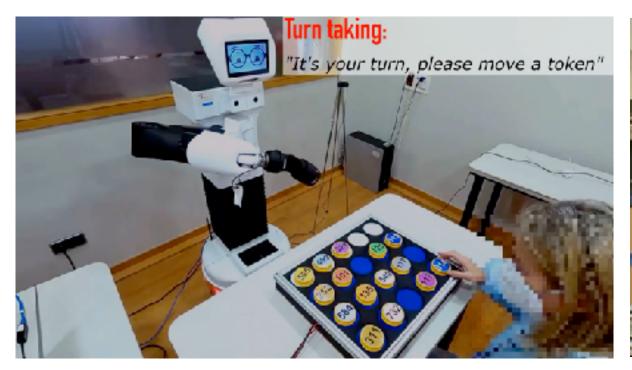
Helping to dress







Co-creation with all the involved stakeholders







- Management
- Neurologist
- Clinical Therapist
- Social Worker



- Management
- Innovation
- Medical Personnel
- Nursing Pers.
- Caregivers







Helping nursing personnel in stressful routine tasks







Co-creation

- Management
- Innovation
- Medical Personnel
- Nursing Pers.







Human-robot interaction → learn and discuss about techno-ethics



C. Torras. Ethics of social robotics: Individual and societal concerns and opportunities. Annual Review of Control, Robotics, and Autonomous Systems 7: 1-18, 2024.

1. Including ethics in the curricula



«By making ethical reasoning a central element in the curriculum, students can <u>learn to think not only</u> about what technology they could create, but also whether they should create that technology.»





«Using fiction to teach ethics allows students to safely discuss and reason about difficult and emotionally charged issues without making the discussion personal.»





Teaching materials on Social Robotics and Al

- A novel about a future society in which people rely on personal-assistant robots to navigate daily life
- An appendix with 24 ethics questions
- An online teacher's guide
- A 100-slide presentation



Educational levels:

University: https://mitpress.mit.edu/books/vestigial-heart

https://www.iri.upc.edu/people/torras/vestigial.html

High school: https://www.pageseditors.cat/es/guia-didactica-la-mutacio-sentimental.html







Encouraging future perspectives

Social services are beginning to invest in social robots:

- Population ageing & shortage of caregiving personnel.
- Elderly people could **live longer at home** with some technological help.
- Robots can take on routine tasks with no added human value.
- Increase the autonomy of the elderly.
- Raise the qualification of caregiving jobs.
- Reduce burden for the healthcare system & for families.

Carme Torras torras@iri.upc.edu





We are hiring!

Computational Topology
Machine Learning
Cloth Simulation
Manipulation

Mail: torras@iri.upc.edu

Visit: www.iri.upc.edu/join

